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Correction to: Myocardial bridging of the left anterior descending coronary artery as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation in patients with hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy: a matched case–control study

Changrong Nie¹, Changsheng Zhu¹, Qiulan Yang², Minghu Xiao³, Yanhai Meng² and Shuiyun Wang^{1*}

Correction to: BMC Cardiovasc Disord (2021) 21:382

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Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified an error in Fig. 1, in which the markers of "MB" should be marked on the left anterior descending coronary artery but were marked on the diagonal branch. This error does not affect the result and conclusion of this article. The updated Fig. 1 is provided in this correction article and the original article [1] has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s12872-021-02185-1.

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



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^{*}Correspondence: wsymd@sina.com

¹ Department of Cardiovascular Surgery, Fuwai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beilishi Road 167, Xicheng District, Beijing 100037, China

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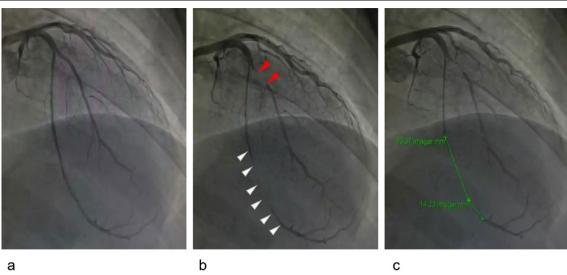


Fig. 1 Myocardial bridging (MB) demonstrated by invasive coronary angiography during diastole (**a**) and systole (**b**). There was a significant narrowing on the anterior descending coronary artery during systole (white arrows). The MB on the diagonal branch (red arrows) or any other branch was rare and not analyzed in this study. The length from the beginning to the end of the coronary artery narrowing was measured as MB length (**c**)

Author details

¹Department of Cardiovascular Surgery, Fuwai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beilishi Road 167, Xicheng District, Beijing 100037, China. ²Department of Intensive Care Unit, Fuwai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beijing, China. ³Department of Ultrasound, Fuwai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beijing, China.

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