## **BMC Cardiovascular Disorders**



Correction Open Access

## Correction: The "lipid accumulation product" performs better than the body mass index for recognizing cardiovascular risk: a population-based comparison

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I have found an error in the Discussion section of my recent article [I]. While citing a prior work by Okura et al. [2], I incorrectly wrote that their weight-loss participants had "only a 2 percent reduction in leg fat". In context, the correct sentence should have said that their participants had "a 37 percent reduction in TG concentration, a 27 percent reduction in truncal fat, a 26 percent reduction in leg fat, but only a 12 percent reduction in BMI."

I regret the inadvertent misquotation. My own data, my conclusions, and my admiration for Okura et al. are unchanged.

## References

- Kahn HS: The "lipid accumulation product" performs better than the body mass index for recognizing cardiovascular risk: a population-based comparison. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders 2005, 5:26.
- Okura T, Nakata Y, Yamabuki K, Tanaka K: Regional body composition changes exhibit opposing effects on coronary heart disease risk factors. Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol 2004, 24:923-929. [PubMed Abstract][Publisher Full Text]

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